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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/786,181	02/25/2004	Harry Bennett	BEN-1203	2383	
75	90 08/03/2005		EXAM	INER	
Carl D. Crowell			CHIN, RAI	CHIN, RANDALL E	
P.O. Box 923 Salem, OR 97308			ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
·			1744	1744	
		DATE MAILED: 08/03/2005			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary						
		10/786,181	BENNETT, HARRY			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
TI 4441 NO DAT		Randall Chin	1744			
Period for Reply	E of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE MAILING DATE OF - Extensions of time may be availa after SIX (6) MONTHS from the - If the period for reply specified a - If NO period for reply is specified - Failure to reply within the set or of	THIS COMMUNICATION. The under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 mailing date of this communication. The provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 mailing date of this communication. The provision of this communication of the provision of the pr	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time, within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE and the description of the communication, even if timely filed	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status			•			
2a) ☐ This action is FINA 3) ☐ Since this applicati	<u> </u>					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 6 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers						
10) The drawing(s) filed Applicant may not re Replacement drawing	quest that any objection to the ogset(s) including the correct	r. epted or b) objected to by the E drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj æminer. Note the attached Office	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (F2) Notice of Draftsperson's Pate 3) Information Disclosure Staten Paper No(s)/Mail Date S. Patent and Trademark Office S. Patent and Trademark Office	nt Drawing Review (PTO-948) nent(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Offic PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Application/Control Number: 10/786,181

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Upon further consideration, the following art rejections have been made. Any inconvenience is sincerely regretted.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On p. 4, line 6, the phrase "is not in used" is awkwardly written.

Also, On p. 4, line 19, the recitation "tool 100 is shown bent 202" is awkwardly written and it is suggested to change this phrase to —Tool 100 is shown to include a bend 202--. This would be **consistent** with line 20 which refers to "bend 202".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 5 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schofiled 153,119 (hereinafter Schofield '119)

Schofield '119 discloses a tool in Figs. 1-4 comprising a selected blade B (Fig. 2) and at least one remaining blade (d or e as alternative tools/blades as recited in paragraph 2 of Schofield '119) pivotally attached at a first end, said selected blade and each of said at least one remaining blade having a distinct blade width (as can be seen

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in Fig. 5) wherein said selected blade is pivoted approximately 180 degrees away (Fig. 3) from said at least one remaining blade thereby allowing said at least one remaining blade to be used as a handle (Fig. 3) at said first end while said selected blade can be utilized (and is **capable of** such intended function) for striking a masonry joint with a second end opposite said first end of said at least one remaining blades.

As for the recitations "masonry tuck point tool" and "tuck" blade(s) in claim 1, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

As for claim 5, the blades have distinct blade lengths (Fig. 5).

As for claim 10, the blades have similar lengths (see the two blades d, e in Fig. 5 which are of similar length).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 2-4, 7 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schofield '119.

As for claims 2 and 3 reciting that the tuck blades are made from rigid spring steel or hard plastic, respectively, such materials have distinct material properties and one skilled in the art would find it obvious to utilize such materials depending on material costs and ease of fabrication concerns. There is, of course, no reason why either material cannot be used since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice.

As for claims 4 and 7 (and 11) reciting that the blades are bent at an approximately 35 degrees or at an angle of between approximately 20 and 35 degrees, respectively, across the blade width between the first and second end (if not already as shown in Fig. 5), such choice of angle is well within the capabilities of one skilled in the art in order to optimally clean boots or hoofs (fourth paragraph of Schofield '119) and since such recited angle(s) appears very close (Fig. 5) to the angle(s) claimed.

As for the recitations "masonry tuck point tool" and "tuck" blade(s) in claim 11, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the

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prior art. See *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

7. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schofield '19 in view of Jones 544,540 (hereinafter Jones '540).

Schofield '119 discloses all of the recited subject matte with the exception of the angle being approximately equidistant between the first and second ends. The patent to Jones '540 teaches a blade A wherein the angle is located approximately equidistant between first and second ends. Note, both Schofield and Jones disclose horse/hoof tools and it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified Schofield's blades such that the angle is located approximately equidistant between first and second ends as taught by Jones '540 depending on hoof size and particular arrangement of the tool itself.

Conclusion

- 8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5 and 7-11 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The patents to Davis, Schenck, McCartea, Thienemann, Zion and Bauer are relevant to tool holders with pivotal arrangements.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the Examiner should be directed to Randall Chin whose telephone number is(571) 272-1270. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the Examiner are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, John Kim, can be reached at (571) 272-1142. The number for Technology Center 1700 is (571) 272-1700.

The central fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

R. Chin

Randall Chin Primary Examiner Art Unit 1744